

Foothill College Second Spring 2018 and Second Spring 2019 Census Enrollment Comparisons Report

From Second Spring 2018 and Second Spring 2019:

- Enrollment
 - Resident and Non-Resident student enrollment is up, +17% and +50% respectively.
 - Resident and Non-Resident FTES are both up with Non-Resident up 57%.
 - Overall student enrollment increased by 443, which is a 20% increase.
 - Overall estimated FTES increased by 56, which is a 24% increase.

Table 1. Census Enrollment Comparisons									
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018									
Groups	2017		2018		Change		% Change		
	Enr	Est FTES	Enr	Est FTES	Enr	Est FTES	Enr	Est FTES	
Resident	1,977	207	2,312	250	335	43	17%	21%	
Non-Resident	216	23	324	36	108	13	50%	57%	
Total	2,193	230	2,636	286	443	56	20%	24%	

Note: WSCH estimate based on positive attendance estimated at 65%. Does not include Apprenticeship, JRYM, LINC, PA, PC.
Census dates are 05/30/2017 and 05/29/2018. Source: FHDA IRP

- Online Learning
 - Total online learning estimated FTES is up 24% at 268.
 - Online learning headcount increased from 1,559 to 1,963.
 - Online learning enrollment is up 20% from 2,076 to 2,491.
 - Online learning sections offered is up from 73 to 76.

Table 2. Online Education Census Enrollment					
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018					
	2017	2018	Change	% Change	
HC	1,559	1,963	404	26%	
Course Enr	2,076	2,491	415	20%	
Est Wsch	9,748	12,065	2,317	24%	
Est FTES	217	268	51	24%	
Sections	73	76	3	4%	

Note: WSCH estimate based on census enrollment. Source: FHDA IRP

- Student Ethnicity
 - Headcount increased for all groups, but especially among Asian (+134), Latinx (+96), White (+59), and African American (+49) students between Summer 2017 and Summer 2018.

Table 3. Student Ethnicity Headcount and FTES								
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018								
	2017		2018		Change		% Change	
Ethnicity	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est
African American	96	15	145	22	49	7	51%	47%
Asian	567	79	741	103	174	24	31%	30%
Filipinx	66	9	96	12	30	3	45%	33%
Latinx	355	51	451	63	96	12	27%	24%
Native American	5	1	9	1	4	0	80%	0%
Pacific Islander	22	3	33	5	11	2	50%	67%
White	493	65	552	74	59	9	12%	14%
Decline to State	42	5	43	6	1	1	2%	20%
Total	1,646	228	2,070	286	424	58	26%	25%

Note: Filipinx and Latinx are gender neutral terms. Source: FHDA IRP

- Student Ethnicity among Continuing Students
 - Overall headcount among continuing students between Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018 increased by 39% (624 to 865).
 - Headcount increase occurred among Latinx (+72), African American (+26), and Filipinx (+16) student populations.

Table 4. Student Ethnicity and FTES - Continuing Students								
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018								
	2017		2018		Change		% Change	
Continuing Students	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est
African American	34	4	60	9	26	5	76%	125%
Asian	176	22	287	37	111	15	63%	68%
Filipinx	28	4	44	5	16	1	57%	25%
Latinx	171	25	243	33	72	8	42%	32%
Native American	2	0	2	0	0	0	0%	#DIV/0!
Pacific Islander	12	2	12	2	0	0	0%	0%
White	173	22	196	27	23	5	13%	23%
Decline to State	28	3	21	3	-7	0	-25%	0%
Total	624	82	865	116	241	34	39%	41%

Note: Continuing students represented 38% of all students enrolled in Second Spring 2017 and 42% in Second Spring 2018.
 First-Time Transfer students represented 38% of all students enrolled in Second Spring 2017 and 33% in Second Spring 2018.
 Returning students represented 20% of all students in Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018.
 Filipinx and Latinx are gender neutral terms. Source: FHDA IRP

- Student Population Type
 - The largest increase in headcount (+241) and estimated FTES (+33) occurred among continuing students.
 - First-time new students experienced the smallest increase in headcount from Second Spring 2017 and Spring 2018 (+9).

Table 5. Student Type Headcount and FTES									
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018									
Student Type	2017		2018		Change		% Change		
	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	
First-time student	28	3	37	5	9	2	32%	67%	
First-time transfer student	625	95	676	97	51	2	8%	2%	
Continuing student	624	84	865	117	241	33	39%	39%	
Returning student	334	45	412	56	78	11	23%	24%	
Special admit high school	35	3	80	10	45	7	129%	233%	
Total	1,646	230	2,070	285	424	55	26%	24%	

Source: FHDA IRP

- Student Population Type: Non-Residents
 - Non-Residents who are continuing or returning experienced the highest increase in headcount (+57 and +23).
 - Continuing students represent the largest group among non-residents (Spring 2018: 50%; Spring 2017: 44%).
 - Overall, non-resident headcount increased by 95 (+50%), and their estimated FTES increased by 13 (+59%).

Table 6. Non-Residents by Student Type									
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018									
Student Type	2017		2018		Change		% Change		
	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	Headcount	FTES Est	
First-time student	3	0	8	1	5	1	167%	#DIV/0!	
First-time transfer student	83	10	92	11	9	1	11%	10%	
Continuing student	85	10	142	18	57	8	67%	80%	
Returning student	19	2	42	5	23	3	121%	150%	
Special admit high school	1	0	2	0	1	0	100%	#DIV/0!	
Total	191	22	286	35	95	13	50%	59%	

Source: FHDA IRP

- Zip Code Grouping
 - Within Santa Clara County, headcount increased by 339 students from Second Spring 2017 to Second Spring 2018, representing an 40% increase.
 - The largest percentage increase in student headcount was from “Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga” (+52%) and “San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto” (+40%).
 - Headcount from San Mateo County decreased by 12 students or by 1-percentage point from Second Spring 2017 compared to Second Spring 2018.

**Table 7. Student Headcount by Zip Code Grouping
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018**

Zip Code Grouping	2017	2018	Change	% Change
	HC	HC	HC	HC
Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga	295	447	152	52%
San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto	415	582	167	40%
San Jose Other, Santa Clara, Morgan Hill, Gilroy, Campbell	137	157	20	15%
San Mateo, Atherton, Redwood City, San Carlos, Foster City	109	102	-7	-6%
San Mateo County Other	66	71	5	8%
All Other Areas	624	711	87	14%
Total	1,646	2,070	424	26%

Source: FHDA IRP

- Zip Code Grouping as Percent of Total Enrollment
 - As a percentage of total headcount, students from the immediate service area (Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga) increased their representation among the total student population (+4%).
 - Students residing in “All Other Areas” decreased their representation rate among all enrolled students when comparing Second Spring 2017 to Second Spring 2018 (-4 percentage points).
 - As a percentage of total headcount, students enrolled from Santa Clara County represent slightly over half of the overall student body (Second Spring 2018: 57%; Second Spring 2017: 51%).

Table 8. Student Headcount by Zip Code Grouping				
Percent Change of Total Enrollment				
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018				
Zip Code Grouping	2017		2018	
	HC	% Total	HC	% Total
Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga	295	18%	447	22%
San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto	415	25%	582	28%
San Jose Other, Santa Clara, Morgan Hill, Gilroy, Campbell	137	8%	157	8%
San Mateo, Atherton, Redwood City, San Carlos, Foster City	109	7%	102	5%
San Mateo County Other	66	4%	71	3%
All Other Areas	624	38%	711	34%
Total	1,646	100%	2,070	100%

Source: FHDA IRP

- Zip Code Grouping within Santa Clara County
 - African American, Filipinx, and Latinx students together experienced an increase in headcount between Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018 (254 to 410).
 - The majority of African American, Filipinx, and Latinx students (Second Spring 2018: 56%) who reside in Santa Clara County live in “San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto.”
 - The Latinx and African American student populations experienced the largest headcount increase from “San Jose East of 880, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga” (+41 and +24).
 - The Filipinx student population experienced a largest headcount increase from those residing in “Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga” between Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018 (+13).

**Table 9. Headcount among Disproportionately Impacted Groups within Santa Clara County
Second Spring 2017 and Second Spring 2018**

		2017	2018	Change	% Change
Ethnicity	Zip Code Grouping	HC	HC	HC	HC
African Am.	Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga	12	21	9	75%
	San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto	22	46	24	109%
	San Jose Other, Santa Clara, Morgan Hill, Gilroy, Campbell	4	12	8	200%
Filipinx	Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga	4	17	13	325%
	San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto	29	40	11	38%
	San Jose Other, Santa Clara, Morgan Hill, Gilroy, Campbell	2	6	4	200%
Latinx	Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Los Altos, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Los Gatos, Saratoga	46	75	29	63%
	San Jose East of 880, Alviso, Milpitas, Fremont, Union City, Newark, Hayward, East Palo Alto	104	145	41	39%
	San Jose Other, Santa Clara, Morgan Hill, Gilroy, Campbell	31	48	17	55%
Total		254	410	156	61%
Note: Filipinx and Latinx are gender neutral terms.					
Source: FHDA IRP					