# Foothill College Summer 2020 and Summer 2021
# Census Enrollment Comparisons Report

From Summer 2020 and Summer 2021:

- Enrollment
  - Resident student enrollment is down 15%, Non-Resident student enrollment is down 23%.
  - Resident FTES is down 16%, and Non-Resident FTES is down 18%.
  - Overall, student enrollment declined by 1,464, which is a 16% decrease.
  - Overall, estimated FTES decreased by 236, which is a 16% decrease.

**Table 1. Census Enrollment Comparisons**
**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | Change | | % Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Groups | Enr | Est FTES | Enr | Est FTES | Enr | Est FTES | Enr | Est FTES |
| Resident | 8,704 | 1,372 | 7,406 | 1,157 | -1,298 | -215 | -15% | -16% |
| Non-Resident | 736 | 120 | 570 | 99 | -166 | -21 | -23% | -18% |
| Total | 9,440 | 1,492 | 7,976 | 1,256 | -1,464 | -236 | -16% | -16% |

WSCH estimate based on positive attendance estimated at 100%. | Does not include Apprenticeship.
Census dates are 07/07/2020 and 07/06/2021.
Source: FHDA IRP

- Online Enrollment
  - Online learning estimated FTES is down 33% at 1,078.
  - Online learning headcount decreased from 1,411 to 858 (-39%).
  - Online learning enrollment is down 518 from 1,659 to 1,078.
  - Online learning sections offered decreased be 1 (37 to 36).

**Table 2. Online Learning Census Enrollment**
**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| HC | 9,512 | 7,976 | -1,536 | -16% |
| Course Enr | 13,852 | 10,980 | -2,872 | -21% |
| Est WSCH | 65,045 | 52,429 | -12,616 | -19% |
| Est FTES | 1,446 | 1,165 | -281 | -19% |
| Sections | 392 | 362 | -30 | -8% |

WSCH estimate based on census enrollment.
Online enrollment identified by courses ending in "V," "W," "Z."
Source: FHDA IRP

- Instructional Modality
  - Face-to-Face enrollment increased from 459 to 73 (+277) between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021, reflecting an est FTES increase of 34.
  - Online hybrid enrollment increased from 585 to 678 (+93) between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021, reflecting an est FTES increase of 24.
  - Online synchronous enrollment increased from 1,085 to 1,227 (+142) between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021, reflecting an est FTES increase of 49.
  - Online asynchronous enrollment decreased from 12,192 to 9,075 between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021, reflecting an est FTES decrease of 353.

**Table 3. Census Headcount and FTES by Instructional Modality**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | Change | | % Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Instructional Modality | Enr | Est FTES | Enr | Est FTES | Enr | Est FTES | Enr | Est FTES |
| Face-to-Face | 459 | 42 | 736 | 76 | 277 | 34 | 60% | 81% |
| Hybrid | 48 | 4 | 96 | 14 | 48 | 10 | 100% | 250% |
| Online (OL) Hybrid | 585 | 59 | 678 | 83 | 93 | 24 | 16% | 41% |
| OL Asynchronous | 12,182 | 1,334 | 9,075 | 981 | -3,107 | -353 | -26% | -26% |
| OL Synchronous | 1,085 | 52 | 1,227 | 101 | 142 | 49 | 13% | 94% |
| OL/On-Campus Hybrid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Total | 14,359 | 1,491 | 11,812 | 1,255 | -2,547 | -236 | -18% | -16% |

Face-to-Face - class meets synchronously on-campus | Hybrid (Y) - class meets asynchronously online & synchronously on-campus

Online (OL) Hybrid (Z) - class meets asynchronously & synchronously online | OL Asynchronous (W) - class meets asynchronously online |

OL Synchronous (V) - class meets synchronously online |

OL/On-Campus Hybrid (T) - class meets synchronously & asynchronously online plus synchronously on-campus |

Source: FHDA IRP

- Resident Students
  - Headcount among Summer 2021 resident students is 7,209, a decline of 14% from Summer 2020 (8,430).
  - AB540 headcount decreased by 50 from 232 in Summer 2020 to 182 in Summer 2021, reflecting in a 2% decrease in est FTES (Summer 2020: 42; Summer 2021: 32).

**Table 4. Resident Student Headcount and FTES**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | Change | | % Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Resident Type | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES |
| Resident | 8,430 | 1,325 | 7,209 | 1,122 | -1,221 | -203 | -14% | -15% |
| AB540 | 232 | 42 | 182 | 32 | -50 | -10 | -22% | -24% |
| AB2364 | 32 | 3 | 3 | 1 | -29 | -2 | -91% | -67% |
| VACA Veteran | 10 | 2 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 20% | 0% |
| Total | 8,704 | 1,372 | 7,406 | 1,157 | -1,298 | -215 | -15% | -16% |

Source: FHDA IRP

- Non-Resident Students
  - Headcount among Summer 2021 non-resident students is 369, a decline of 13% from Summer 2020 (423).
  - The international student headcount declined from 313 in Summer 2020 to 181 in Summer 2021. Additionally, there were 20 non-resident: out of country students in Summer 2021.

**Table 5. Non-Resident Student Headcount and FTES**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | Change | | % Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Resident Type | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES |
| Non-Resident | 423 | 65 | 369 | 62 | -54 | #REF! | -13% | -5% |
| International | 313 | 54 | 181 | 31 | -132 | -23 | -42% | -43% |
| Out of Country | 0 | 0 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 5 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Total | 736 | 119 | 570 | 98 | -166 | -21 | -23% | -18% |

Summer 2020 did not code for Non-Resident: Out of Country.

Source: FHDA IRP

- Student Ethnicity Headcount and Est FTES
  - Headcount experienced the greatest decline among White (-608), Asian (-420), and Latinx (-360) students between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021.
  - No student ethnicity groups increased in headcount between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021 except for Decline to State (+4).
  - The 16% decrease in est FTES from Summer 2020 and Summer 2021 is primarily due to decline among Asians (-13%) and White (-21%) students.

**Table 6. Student Ethnicity Headcount and FTES**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | Change | | % Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethnicity | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES | Headcount | Est FTES |
| African American | 333 | 62 | 313 | 56 | -20 | -6 | -6% | -10% |
| Asian | 3,525 | 566 | 3,105 | 493 | -420 | -73 | -12% | -13% |
| Filipinx | 447 | 76 | 399 | 64 | -48 | -12 | -11% | -16% |
| Latinx | 1,847 | 302 | 1,487 | 245 | -360 | -57 | -19% | -19% |
| Native American | 32 | 5 | 30 | 4 | -2 | -1 | -6% | -20% |
| Pacific Islander | 97 | 16 | 87 | 15 | -10 | -1 | -10% | -6% |
| White | 2,787 | 423 | 2,179 | 335 | -608 | -88 | -22% | -21% |
| Decline to State | 372 | 42 | 376 | 44 | 4 | 2 | 1% | 5% |
| Total | 9,440 | 1,492 | 7,976 | 1,256 | -1,464 | -236 | -16% | -16% |

Filipinx and Latinx are gender neutral terms.

Source: FHDA IRP

- Student Ethnicity Headcount as Percent of Total Population
  - Asian students were the main group to increase in their representation within the total population (+2%).
  - Despite the decrease in headcount, African American, Filipinx, and Pacific Islander rate of representation within the total student body population did not change (0%).
  - Latinx and White students decreased as a rate of the total student population (Latinx: -1%; White: -2%).

**Table 7. Student Ethnicity Headcount as a Percent of Total**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethnicity | Headcount | Percent | Headcount | Percent | Headcount | Percent |
| African American | 333 | 4% | 313 | 4% | -20 | 0% |
| Asian | 3,525 | 37% | 3,105 | 39% | -420 | 2% |
| Filipinx | 447 | 5% | 399 | 5% | -48 | 0% |
| Latinx | 1,847 | 20% | 1,487 | 19% | -360 | -1% |
| Native American | 32 | 0% | 30 | 0% | -2 | 0% |
| Pacific Islander | 97 | 1% | 87 | 1% | -10 | 0% |
| White | 2,787 | 30% | 2,179 | 27% | -608 | -2% |
| Decline to State | 372 | 4% | 376 | 5% | 4 | 1% |
| Total | 9,440 | 100% | 7,976 | 100% | -1,464 | 0% |

Filipinx and Latinx are gender neutral terms.

Source: FHDA IRP

- Zip Code Grouping
  - Headcount continued to decline from the Service Area (-434), including "Service Area: Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part), San Jose (part), Saratoga (part)" (-284) and "Service Area: Los Altos, Los Altos Hills, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Stanford" (-150).
  - Both Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties experienced a decline in enrollment between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021 (SCC: -615; SMC: -175).
  - "South Santa Clara County: SJ West 880/101" had the largest decrease in headcount outside of the service area (-84).

**Table 8. Student Headcount by Zip Code Grouping**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zip Code Grouping | HC | HC | HC | HC |
| Service Area: Los Altos, LA Hills, Mt. View, Palo Alto, Stanford | 1,267 | 1,117 | -150 | -12% |
| Service Area: Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part), San Jose (part), Saratoga (part) | 1,228 | 944 | -284 | -23% |
| S Santa Clara County (SJ west 880/101) | 988 | 904 | -84 | -9% |
| E Santa Clara County (Alviso, Milpitas, SJ east 880/101) | 758 | 697 | -61 | -8% |
| W Santa Clara County (Campbell, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Santa Clara (rest of), Saratoga (rest of)) | 217 | 194 | -23 | -11% |
| Other Santa Clara County (Morgan Hill, Gilroy) | 75 | 62 | -13 | -17% |
| S Peninsula (Atherton, Belmont, E PA, Foster City, Menlo Park, Redwood City, San Carlos, San Mateo) | 893 | 731 | -162 | -18% |
| W Peninsula (El Granada, Half Moon Bay, La Honda, Ladera, Montara, Moss Beach, Pacifica, Pescadero, Portola Valley, Woodside) | 94 | 101 | 7 | 7% |
| N Peninsula (Brisbane, Burlingame, Colma, Daly City, Hillsborough, Millbrae, San Bruno, S SF) | 98 | 78 | -20 | -20% |
| S Alameda County (Fremont, Newark, Union City) | 416 | 415 | -1 | 0% |
| Alameda County (rest of) | 323 | 329 | 6 | 2% |
| San Francisco County | 164 | 133 | -31 | -19% |
| N Santa Cruz County (Ben Lomand, Boulder Creek, Felton, Santa Cruz, Scotts Valley) | 68 | 50 | -18 | -26% |
| Other Bay Area Region | 404 | 337 | -67 | -17% |
| All Other Areas | 2,447 | 1,884 | -563 | -23% |
| Total | 9,440 | 7,976 | -1,464 | -16% |

Source: FHDA IRP

- Zip Code Grouping as Percent of Total Headcount
  - As a percentage of total headcount, students from the service area remained flat from 26% to 26%. Students from the service area represent slightly more than one-fourth of the headcount for Summer 2021.
  - All zip code groupings remained consistent or increased slightly as a percentage of total headcount from Summer 2020 to Summer 2021.

**Table 9. Zip Code Grouping as a Percent Change of Total Headcount**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zip Code Grouping | HC | % Total | HC | % Total |
| Service Area: Los Altos, LA Hills, Mt. View, Palo Alto, Stanford | 1,267 | 13% | 1,117 | 14% |
| Service Area: Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part), San Jose (part), Saratoga (part) | 1,228 | 13% | 944 | 12% |
| S Santa Clara County (SJ west 880/101) | 988 | 10% | 904 | 11% |
| E Santa Clara County (Alviso, Milpitas, SJ east 880/101) | 758 | 8% | 697 | 9% |
| W Santa Clara County (Campbell, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Santa Clara (rest of), Saratoga (rest of)) | 217 | 2% | 194 | 2% |
| Other Santa Clara County (Morgan Hill, Gilroy) | 75 | 1% | 62 | 1% |
| S Peninsula (Atherton, Belmont, E PA, Foster City, Menlo Park, Redwood City, San Carlos, San Mateo) | 893 | 9% | 731 | 9% |
| W Peninsula (El Granada, Half Moon Bay, La Honda, Ladera, Montara, Moss Beach, Pacifica, Pescadero, Portola Valley, Woodside) | 94 | 1% | 101 | 1% |
| N Peninsula (Brisbane, Burlingame, Colma, Daly City, Hillsborough, Millbrae, San Bruno, S SF) | 98 | 1% | 78 | 1% |
| S Alameda County (Fremont, Newark, Union City) | 416 | 4% | 415 | 5% |
| Alameda County (rest of) | 323 | 3% | 329 | 4% |
| San Francisco County | 164 | 2% | 133 | 2% |
| N Santa Cruz County (Ben Lomand, Boulder Creek, Felton, Santa Cruz, Scotts Valley) | 68 | 1% | 50 | 1% |
| Other Bay Area Region | 404 | 4% | 337 | 4% |
| All Other Areas | 2,447 | 26% | 1,884 | 24% |
| Total | 9,440 | 100% | 7,976 | 100% |

Source: FHDA IRP

- Zip Code Grouping within Santa Clara County among African Americans, Filipinx, Latinx Students
  - African American, Filipinx, and Latinx headcount decreased by 89 students.
  - African Americans experienced the largest headcount decrease from the immediate service area "Los Altos, LA Hills, MT. View, Palo Alto, Stanford" (-7; 32 to 25).
  - Latinx experienced the largest headcount decrease from "Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part of), San Jose (part of), Saratoga (part of)"" (-57; 150 to 93).

**Table 10. Headcount among Disproportionately Impacted Groups within Santa Clara County Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | | 2020 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethnicity | Zip Code Grouping | HC | HC | HC | HC |
| African American | Service Area 1 (Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part of), San Jose (part of), Saratoga (part of)) | 18 | 16 | -2 | -11% |
| | Service Area 2 (Los Altos, LA Hills, Mt. View, Palo Alto, Stanford) | 32 | 25 | -7 | -22% |
| | S Santa Clara County (SJ west 880/101) | 43 | 54 | 11 | 26% |
| | E Santa Clara County (Alviso, Milpitas, SJ east 880/101) | 22 | 20 | -2 | -9% |
| | W Santa Clara County (Campbell, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Santa Clara (rest of), Saratoga (rest of)) | 7 | 2 | -5 | -71% |
| | Other Santa Clara County (Morgan Hill, Gilroy) | 4 | 7 | 3 | 75% |
| African American Total | | 126 | 124 | -2 | -2% |
| Filipinx | Service Area 1 (Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part of), San Jose (part of), Saratoga (part of)) | 19 | 19 | 0 | 0% |
| | Service Area 2 (Los Altos, LA Hills, Mt. View, Palo Alto, Stanford) | 18 | 29 | 11 | 61% |
| | S Santa Clara County (SJ west 880/101) | 59 | 55 | -4 | -7% |
| | E Santa Clara County (Alviso, Milpitas, SJ east 880/101) | 92 | 66 | -26 | -28% |
| | W Santa Clara County (Campbell, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Santa Clara (rest of), Saratoga (rest of)) | 4 | 12 | 8 | 200% |
| | Other Santa Clara County (Morgan Hill, Gilroy) | 4 | 5 | 1 | 25% |
| Filipinx Total | | 196 | 186 | -10 | -5% |
| Latinx | Service Area 1 (Cupertino, Sunnyvale, Santa Clara (part of), San Jose (part of), Saratoga (part of)) | 150 | 93 | -57 | -38% |
| | Service Area 2 (Los Altos, LA Hills, Mt. View, Palo Alto, Stanford) | 169 | 158 | -11 | -7% |
| | S Santa Clara County (SJ west 880/101) | 256 | 270 | 14 | 5% |
| | E Santa Clara County (Alviso, Milpitas, SJ east 880/101) | 158 | 147 | -11 | -7% |
| | W Santa Clara County (Campbell, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Santa Clara (rest of), Saratoga (rest of)) | 37 | 33 | -4 | -11% |
| | Other Santa Clara County (Morgan Hill, Gilroy) | 28 | 20 | -8 | -29% |
| Latinx Total | | 798 | 721 | -77 | -10% |
| Total | | 1,120 | 1,031 | -89 | -8% |

Filipinx and Latinx are gender neutral terms.
Source: FHDA IRP

- Headcount by Top 10 Enrollment by County
  - While Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties had the highest enrollment by headcount, these two counties also had the largest decrease in headcount (-797) from Summer 2020 and Summer 2021.
  - Together Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties represent over half of total headcount in Summer 2020 (60%) and Summer 2021 (61%).
  - Alameda County had the largest headcount increase from 739 to 744 (+5). All other top 10 counties by enrollment experienced a decrease in headcount.
  - Santa Clara County had the largest headcount decrease from 4,533 to 3,915 (-618).

**Table 11. Top 10 Enrollment by County**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | | 2020 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rank | Zip Code Grouping | HC | HC | HC | HC |
| 1 | Santa Clara | 4,533 | 3,915 | -618 | -14% |
| 2 | San Mateo | 1,106 | 927 | -179 | -16% |
| 3 | Alameda | 739 | 744 | 5 | 1% |
| 4 | Los Angeles | 516 | 361 | -155 | -30% |
| 5 | Contra Costa | 242 | 210 | -32 | -13% |
| 6 | San Diego | 239 | 164 | -75 | -31% |
| 7 | Orange | 236 | 155 | -81 | -34% |
| 8 | San Luis Obispo | 214 | 150 | -64 | -30% |
| 9 | San Francisco | 164 | 133 | -31 | -19% |
| 10 | Sacramento | 142 | 119 | -23 | -16% |
| | Total | 8,131 | 6,878 | -1,253 | -15% |

Total Summer 2020 HC=9,440 | Top 10 Summer 2020 represents 86% of total headcount
Total Summer 2021 HC=7,976 | Top 10 Summer 2021 represents 86% of total headcount

Source: FH IRP

- African American Headcount by County
  - Santa Clara County increased in African American representation from Summer 2020 to Summer 2021 from 38% to 40% among African American total headcount.
  - Among the top 10 counties for African American headcount, there was a 6% decrease in headcount between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021 (-21 students).
  - Among the top 10 counties for African American headcount, Los Angeles and Sacramento Counties experienced the largest headcount decrease (LAC: -9; SC: -9).

**Table 12. Top 10 African American Enrollment by County**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | | 2020 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rank | Zip Code Grouping | HC | HC | HC | HC |
| 1 | Santa Clara | 126 | 124 | -2 | -2% |
| 2 | Alameda | 42 | 39 | -3 | -7% |
| 3 | San Mateo | 34 | 39 | 5 | 15% |
| 4 | Los Angeles | 25 | 16 | -9 | -36% |
| 5 | Sacramento | 16 | 7 | -9 | -56% |
| 6 | San Bernardino | 14 | 13 | -1 | -7% |
| 7 | Contra Costa | 11 | 9 | -2 | -18% |
| 8 | San Francisco | 7 | 9 | 2 | 29% |
| 9 | San Joaquin | 6 | 5 | -1 | -17% |
| 10 | San Diego | 5 | 4 | -1 | -20% |
| | Total | 286 | 265 | -21 | -7% |

Total Summer 2020 African American HC=333 | Top 10 Summer 2020 African American represents 86% of total headcount
Total Summer 2021 African American HC=313 | Top 10 Summer 2021 African American represents 85% of total headcount

Source: FH IRP

- Latinx Headcount by County
  - Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties represent over half of Latinx headcount (Summer 2020: 65%; Summer 2021: 68%).
  - Among the top 10 counties for Latinx headcount, Santa Clara, San Mateo, and Los Angeles Counties experienced the largest headcount decrease (-250).
  - Among the top 10 counties for Latinx headcount, Alameda and San Luis Obispo Counties experienced an increase in students from Summer 2020 to Summer 2021 (AC: +2; SLOC: +1).

**Table 13. Top 10 Latinx Enrollment by County**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | | 2020 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rank | Zip Code Grouping | HC | HC | HC | HC |
| 1 | Santa Clara | 799 | 723 | -76 | -10% |
| 2 | San Mateo | 407 | 281 | -126 | -31% |
| 3 | Los Angeles | 107 | 59 | -48 | -45% |
| 4 | Alameda | 90 | 92 | 2 | 2% |
| 5 | San Diego | 42 | 29 | -13 | -31% |
| 6 | Orange | 32 | 18 | -14 | -44% |
| 7 | Riverside | 32 | 18 | -14 | -44% |
| 8 | Contra Costa | 28 | 18 | -10 | -36% |
| 9 | San Luis Obispo | 27 | 28 | 1 | 4% |
| 10 | San Joaquin | 27 | 14 | -13 | -48% |
| | Total | 1,591 | 1,280 | -311 | -20% |

Total Summer 2020 Latinx HC=1,847 | Top 10 Summer 2020 Latinx represents 86% of total headcount
Total Summer 2021 Latinx HC=1,487 | Top 10 Summer 2021 Latinx represents 86% of total headcount

Source: FH IRP

- First Generation Status
  - First generation students decreased from 1,723 to 1,434 between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021 (-289). This decrease represents a -17% in headcount.

**Table 14. First Generation Status**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Change |
| First Generation | 1,723 | 19% | 1,434 | 19% | -289 | -17% |
| Non First Generation | 7,372 | 81% | 6,218 | 81% | -1,154 | -16% |
| Total | 9,095 | 100% | 7,652 | 100% | -1,443 | -16% |

NCES defines first generation as a student whose parent(s) completed high school or less.
Only reports those who responded to the questions.
Unknown First Generation HC: Summer 2020 - 345; Summer 2021 - 324
Source: FH IRP

- First Generation by Ethnicity
  - Latinx and Asians represent the majority of first generation students (Summer 2020: 77%; Summer 2021: 76%).
  - Latinx and Asian students experienced the greatest decrease in their first generation headcount (-234).
  - First generation Pacific Islander students increased their headcount (20 to 23).

**Table 15. First Generation by Ethnicity**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethnicity | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Change |
| African American | 80 | 5% | 76 | 5% | -4 | -5% |
| Asian | 502 | 29% | 437 | 30% | -65 | -13% |
| Filipinx | 35 | 2% | 29 | 2% | -6 | -17% |
| Latinx | 832 | 48% | 663 | 46% | -169 | -20% |
| Native American | 3 | 0% | 4 | 0% | 1 | 33% |
| Pacific Islander | 20 | 1% | 23 | 2% | 3 | 15% |
| White | 231 | 13% | 183 | 13% | -48 | -21% |
| Decline to State | 20 | 1% | 19 | 1% | -1 | -5% |
| Total | 1,723 | 100% | 1,434 | 100% | -289 | -17% |

NCES defines first generation as a student whose parent(s) completed high school or less.
Only reports those who responded to the questions.
Summer 2020 HC: 9,440 | Summer 2021 HC: 7,976
Source: FH IRP

- First Generation Headcount as a Percent of Disproportionately Impacted Student Groups
  - African American and Latinx first generation headcount decreased by 173 between Summer 2020 to Summer 2021.
  - There was no change in the first generation rate among African Americans, Filipinx, and Latinx populations.
  - First generation students represent almost half of Latinx population (47%).

**Table 16. First Generation DI Groups as a Percent of DI Group**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Rate Change |
| African American First Gen | 80 | 26% | 76 | 26% | -4 | 0% |
| African American Total | 311 | | 288 | | -23 | |
| Filipinx First Gen | 35 | 8% | 29 | 8% | -6 | 0% |
| Filipinx Total | 440 | | 382 | | -58 | |
| Latinx First Gen | 832 | 47% | 663 | 47% | -169 | 0% |
| Latinx Total | 1,759 | | 1,415 | | -344 | |

NCES defines first generation as a student whose parent(s) completed high school or less.
Total headcounts includes non-first generation and unknown generation students.
Source: FH IRP

- Income
  - 337 fewer students reported a low family income (-19%) between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021.
  - Over three-fourths of students reported a family income of $25,001 and above (Summer 2021: 82%).

**Table 17. Self-Reported Family Income**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Change |
| $25,000 and below (low income) | 1,756 | 19% | 1,419 | 18% | -337 | -19% |
| $25,001 and above (not low income) | 7,595 | 81% | 6,462 | 82% | -1,133 | -15% |
| Total | 9,351 | 100% | 7,881 | 100% | -1,470 | -16% |

Question is stated, "What is your family income from the past year? Family income would include the income of you and family members living with you from all sources including jobs as well as other sources such as rents, welfare payments, social security, or even interest from stocks, bonds, savings."
Only reports those who responded to the question. Unknown Income HC: Summer 2020 - 89; Summer 2021 - 95
Source: FH IRP

- Low Income by Ethnicity
  - Low income Latinx represent around one-third of low income students (Summer 2020: 30%; Summer 2021: 32%). This rate increased by 2-percentage points between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021.
  - Asian and White students represent over half of low income students (Summer 2020: 61%; Summer 2021: 63%), reflecting an increase of 2-percentage points from Summer 2020 to Summer 2021.

**Table 18. Self-Reported Low Family Income by Ethnicity**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethnicity | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Change |
| African American | 135 | 8% | 125 | 9% | -10 | -7% |
| Asian | 545 | 31% | 438 | 31% | -107 | -20% |
| Filipinx | 70 | 4% | 66 | 5% | -4 | -6% |
| Latinx | 531 | 30% | 450 | 32% | -81 | -15% |
| Native American | 13 | 1% | 10 | 1% | -3 | -23% |
| Pacific Islander | 18 | 1% | 17 | 1% | -1 | -6% |
| White | 419 | 24% | 290 | 20% | -129 | -31% |
| Decline to State | 25 | 1% | 23 | 2% | -2 | -8% |
| Total | 1,756 | 100% | 1,419 | 100% | -337 | -19% |

Question is stated, "What is your family income from the past year? Family income would include the income of you and family members living with you from all sources including jobs as well as other sources such as rents, welfare payments, social security, or even interest from stocks, bonds, savings."
Low income=$25,000 and below | Only reports those who responded to the question.
Summer 2020 HC: 9,440 | Summer 2021 HC: 7,976
Source: FH IRP

- Low Income Headcount as a Percent of Disproportionately Impacted Student Groups
  - Overall, low income students represented at least one-third of all African American and Latinx respectively (40% and 31%).
  - Fewer African Americans reported being low income from Summer 2020 to Summer 2021, reflecting a 1-percentage point decline (HC: -10).

**Table 19. Self-Reported Low Family Income DI Groups as a Percent of DI Group**
**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Rate Change |
| African American Low Income | 135 | 41% | 125 | 40% | -10 | -1% |
| African American Total | 326 | | 310 | | -16 | |
| Filipinx Low Income | 70 | 16% | 66 | 17% | -4 | 1% |
| Filipinx Total | 447 | | 392 | | -55 | |
| Latinx Low Income | 531 | 29% | 450 | 31% | -81 | 2% |
| Latinx Total | 1,824 | | 1,467 | | -357 | |

Question is stated, "What is your family income from the past year? Family income would include the income of you and family members living with you from all sources including jobs as well as other sources such as rents, welfare payments, social security, or even interest from stocks, bonds, savings."
Low income=$25,000 and below | Only reports those who responded to the question.
Source: FH IRP

- Pell Grant
  - A minority of students are awarded a Pell grant (3%) and this rate declined between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021 (-44%).

**Table 20. Pell Grant Status**
**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Change |
| Pell Grant Award | 369 | 4% | 206 | 3% | -163 | -44% |
| No Pell Grant Award | 9,071 | 96% | 7,770 | 97% | -1,301 | -14% |
| Total | 9,440 | 100% | 7,976 | 100% | -1,464 | -16% |

Source: FH IRP

- Pell Grant by Ethnicity
  - Latinx students represent the largest percentage of Pell grant recipients (Summer 2020: 33%; Summer 2021: 32%).
  - White students represented at least one-fifth of Pell grant recipients (Summer 2021: 22%).
  - Decreases among Pell grant recipients occurred for all ethnicities with the largest headcount decreases among Latinx (-56), Asian (-36), and White (-34) students.

**Table 21. Pell Grant Recipients by Ethnicity**

**Summer 2020 and Summer 2021**

| | 2020 | | 2021 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethnicity | HC | Percent | HC | Percent | Change | % Change |
| African American | 41 | 11% | 29 | 14% | -12 | -29% |
| Asian | 88 | 24% | 52 | 25% | -36 | -41% |
| Filipinx | 15 | 4% | 7 | 3% | -8 | -53% |
| Latinx | 122 | 33% | 66 | 32% | -56 | -46% |
| Native American | 2 | 1% | 2 | 1% | 0 | 0% |
| Pacific Islander | 3 | 1% | 2 | 1% | -1 | -33% |
| White | 80 | 22% | 46 | 22% | -34 | -43% |
| Decline to State | 18 | 5% | 2 | 1% | -16 | -89% |
| Total | 369 | 100% | 206 | 100% | -163 | -44% |

Pell Award recipients represent 4% of Summer 2020 and 3% of Summer 2021.
Summer 2020 HC: 9,440 | Summer 2021 HC: 7,976
Source: FH IRP

- Applicants
  - Close to half of applicants for Summer 2021 enrolled (46%).

**Table 21. Applicants and Enrollees**

**Summer 2021**

| Students | 2021 |
|---|---|
| Applicants | 9,692 |
| Registered | 4,447 |
| % Registered | 46% |

Note: Includes students who applied and enrolled for the same quarter.
Source: CCCApply and FHDA IRP